State of NEW YORK: WHY AN ACCURATE CENSUS COUNT MATTERS!

HARD-TO-COUNT CENSUS TRACTS: The Census Bureau counts the people every 10 years. The next Census count is 2010. In some counties it is harder to count the people because some people are afraid to provide information to census workers, some census workers are afraid to talk with people in their neighborhoods, and some people in rural communities live in hard to find locations.

The Census Bureau has provided data to show in which areas people have been hard to count. This data is shown by Census Tracts within each county. The Census Bureau ranks each Census Tract on a scale from 0 to 125. The Census Bureau uses 12 factors to set a score for each Tract. The MEAN number is 32.8. The MEAN is the AVERAGE score for all census tracts in the US.

The Census Bureau regards all census tracts that score 60 or above as HARD TO COUNT.

The map uses 3 color codes to identify the scoring range for each Census Tract. The CREAM color is the lowest range and below the MEAN. The GREEN color is the mid-range and

INSET:

Congressional districts for

New York City and some

suburbs, showing

hard to count

census tracts

Congressional **District numbers**

are in BLUE.

above the MEAN. RED represents s the highest range above the MEAN and represents the HARD-TO-COUNT tracts.

This Map prepared 6-14-09 by: Southern Echo, Inc. 1350 Livingson Lane Jackson, MS 39213 601-982-6400 souecho@bellsouth.net www.southernecho.org

With technical assistance from:

Dr. Brian Lipsett, PhD Movementech, Inc. Naples, ME 207-749-1606

ALLOCATION OF FEDERAL GRANTS: Every year the US Government provides to states, counties and municipalities grant funds that are allocated on the basis of and sensitive to the census count. When there is an undercount communities lose funds to which they are entitled. In 2007 the State of New York received in federal grants \$48.1 billion.

The number in each county represents the total amount of federal grant funds allocated to that county in 2007. The amount is in MILLIONS of dollars and is rounded to one decimal place. For complete state data use this link to the Consolidated Federal Funds Report on the US Census Bureau website: harvester.census.gov/cffr/asp/Geography.asp

PLEASE NOTE: The CFFR has lumped together the 5 counties within New York City (New York, King, Queens, Bronx and Richmond) into one lump sum designated

on the map as New York.

47.6

Genesee

68.7

37.1

Orleans Monroe

CD #26

Allegany

103.1

Wyoming Livingston

58.7

CD #29

05

CD #28

CD #27

Chautauqua

206.1

Niagara

Erie

1.692.3

Cattaraugus

212.0

CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATION: After the 2000 Census the US Congress was reapportioned. New York now has 29 Congressional Districts, which are outlined in BLUE on the map.

CD #23

Lewis

42.6

Oneida

Madison

82.9

413.6

CD #24

Chenango

85.5

Broome

NY 111th cong dists

33 - 59 (MEAN is 32.8)

NY hard2count tracts

0 - 32

NY cffr county grants 2007

322.9

Jefferson

201.2

Oswego

157.5

Onondaga

675.3

Cortland

86.2

Cayuga

113.2

Fompkins

375.8

Tioga

43,4

CD #25

Seneca

Schuyler

28.4

Chemung

184.1

Wavne

118.4

Yates

25.2

Ontario

Steuben

184.5

03

108.1

210.3

114.2

CD #22

New York's representatives are:



1.426.6